In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

DPC Complaint Reference:

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by with the Data Protection Commission pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning Meta Platforms

Ireland Limited

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0 (ADOPTED ON 12 MAY 2022)

Dated the 23rd day of June 2023



Data Protection Commission 21 Fitzwilliam Square South Dublin 2, Ireland

Background

- 1. On 9 August 2022, ("the **Data Subject**") lodged a complaint pursuant to Article 77 of the GDPR with the Data Protection Commission ("the **DPC**") concerning Meta Platforms Ireland Limited ("the **Respondent**").
- 2. The DPC was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) of the GDPR.

The Complaint

- 3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
 - a. In June 2022, the Data Subject contacted the Respondent concerning their Facebook account that they had lost access to. As part of its security procedures, the Respondent requested the Data Subject to verify their identity by submitting a copy of a scanned ID document. The Data Subject complied with this request.
 - b. In its response to the Data Subject, on 25 June 2022, the Respondent stated that it had not been able to verify the Data Subject's identity as the name on the identity document was spelt differently to the name on the Facebook account, and as such, it was not able to take any further action.
 - c. As the Data Subject was not satisfied with the response received from the Respondent, the Data Subject lodged a complaint with the DPC.

Action taken by the DPC

- 4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 ("the 2018 Act"), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.
- 5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC's experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:
 - a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and

- b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise his/her data subject rights).
- 6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 ("Document 06/2022"), and considered that:
 - a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that
 - b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

Amicable Resolution

- 7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC first contacted the Respondent on 4 January 2023. Further to that engagement, on 18 January 2023 the Respondent agreed to take the following action:
 - a. To review the submitted ID document and to take into account the Gaelic and English versions of the Data Subject's name.
- 8. On 21 February 2023, the Respondent confirmed to the DPC that it had been able to verify the Data Subject's identity. The Respondent further noted that it had contacted the Data Subject directly on 20 February 2023, and it had provided the Data Subject with information as to how they could reset account credentials to regain access to their account.
- 9. On 30 March 2023, the Data Subject confirmed that the Respondent made direct contact with them and thanked the DPC for its assistance.
- 10. Following receipt of this confirmation from the Data Subject, the DPC's letter outlining the actions taken by the Respondent as part of the amicable resolution process issued to the Data Subject on 31 March 2023. This letter requested a response from the Data Subject within a specified timeframe if they were not satisfied with the actions taken by the Respondent, so that the DPC could take further action.
- 11. The DPC can confirm that no further response was received from the Data Subject, and as such on 26 April 2023, the Respondent was subsequently informed of the closure of the complaint.

12. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

Confirmation of Outcome

- 13. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:
 - a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;
 - b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and
 - c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.
- 14. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:

Tomy Delaney

Deputy Commissioner

Data Protection Commission