

In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

DPC Complaint Reference: [REDACTED]

IMI Complaint Reference: [REDACTED]

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by [REDACTED] with the Commission Nationale de l'Informatique et des Libertés (France DPA) pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning Airbnb Ireland UC

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

**RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE
PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE
PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE
SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0, ADOPTED 12 MAY 2022**

Dated the 6th day of November 2023



Data Protection Commission
21 Fitzwilliam Square South
Dublin 2, Ireland

Background

1. [REDACTED] (“the **Data Subject**”) lodged a complaint pursuant to Article 77 GDPR with the Commission Nationale de l'Informatique et des Libertés (France DPA) (“the **Recipient SA**”) concerning Airbnb Ireland UC (“the **Respondent**”).
2. In circumstances where the Data Protection Commission (“the **DPC**”) was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) GDPR, the Recipient SA transferred the complaint to the DPC on 3 September 2021.

The Complaint

3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
 - a. On 2 May 2022, the Data Subject submitted an access request to the Respondent seeking a copy of their personal data. This request was made in the context of an ongoing customer service dispute with the Respondent.
 - b. The Respondent responded to the access request on 10 July 2022, exceeding the 30 day statutory time limit. In its response, the Respondent provided the Data Subject with their access file in an encrypted Excel format. However, the file was not correctly encrypted and the Data Subject could access their file without the required password.
 - c. The Data Subject was dissatisfied with the delayed response and the lack of proper encryption on their access file. The Data Subject also noted that copies of their communications with the Respondent’s customer service team did not appear to be included. In light of the foregoing, the Data Subject lodged a complaint with the Recipient SA.

Action taken by the DPC

4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 (“the **2018 Act**”), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.
5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC’s experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:

- a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and
 - b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise their data subject rights).
6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 (“**Document 06/2022**”), and considered that:
- a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that
 - b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

Amicable Resolution

7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC investigated the matter over a considerable period of time.
8. In response to the DPC’s investigation, the Respondent explained that the delay in responding to the Data Subject’s access request arose from a failure to escalate the request to the correct team in accordance with its established internal procedures, and that its failure to properly decrypt the access file was due to a human error. The Respondent further explained that it had since disclosed a copy of the Data Subject’s discussions with its customer service team directly to the Data Subject. The Respondent also explained that it had since implemented additional checks and controls to track and promptly action data subject rights requests.
9. In addition to the explanations provided above, the Respondent apologised to the Data Subject for its errors in dealing with the access request and for the inconvenience caused and, in the interest of achieving an amicable resolution to the complaint, proposed a settlement offer to the Data Subject. The Data Subject and the Respondent engaged directly in relation to the settlement offer. On 27 September 2023, the Data Subject confirmed to the DPC that they had reached an amicable resolution with the Respondent and that their complaint could be concluded. Accordingly, the complaint has been deemed to have been amicably resolved.
10. On 3 October 2023, and in light of the foregoing, the DPC wrote to the Recipient SA noting that the DPC considered the complaint to have been amicably resolved and withdrawn in accordance with section 109(3) of the Act and that it would conclude the case and inform the Respondent.

11. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

Confirmation of Outcome

12. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:

- a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;
- b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and
- c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.

13. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:



Deputy Commissioner

Data Protection Commission