

In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

DPC Complaint Reference: [REDACTED]

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by [REDACTED] with the Data Protection Commission pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning Twitter International Unlimited Company

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

**RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE  
PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE  
PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE  
SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0  
(ADOPTED ON 12 MAY 2022)**

Dated the 22<sup>nd</sup> day of September 2023



Data Protection Commission  
21 Fitzwilliam Square South  
Dublin 2, Ireland

## **Background**

1. On 9 June 2023, [REDACTED] (“the **Data Subject**”) lodged a complaint pursuant to Article 77 of the GDPR with the Data Protection Commission (“the **DPC**”) concerning Twitter International Unlimited Company (“the **Respondent**”).
2. The DPC was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) of the GDPR.

## **The Complaint**

3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
  - a. On 19 May 2023, the Data Subject, along with his Representative, lodged an erasure request, pursuant to Article 17 of the GDPR, for the erasure of content that was uploaded by a third party user to the Twitter platform, which contained the Data Subject’s personal data.
  - b. On 19 May 2023, the Respondent replied to the Data Subject, noting that the content would not be removed, as it was not considered to be posted in violation of the Respondent’s policies. The Data Subject, and his Representative, contested this, and on 22 May 2023, the Respondent reaffirmed its position.
  - c. As the Data Subject was not satisfied with the responses received, they lodged a complaint with the DPC.

## **Action taken by the DPC**

4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 (“the **2018 Act**”), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.
5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC’s experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:
  - a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and

- b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise their data subject rights).
- 6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 (“**Document 06/2022**”), and considered that:
  - a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that
  - b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

### **Amicable Resolution**

- 7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC first engaged with the Respondent on this matter on 27 June 2023. Further to that engagement, in its response of 11 July 2023, the Respondent advised that the original erasure request lodged by the Data Subject had not been submitted through a data protection channel, and as such was only considered pursuant to its privacy rules. In the spirit of amicable resolution, the Respondent agreed to remove the content in question from its platform. The Respondent informed the DPC of this on 11 July 2023, and confirmed that it also informed the Data Subject directly of this action on the same day.
- 8. On 12 July 2023, the DPC wrote to the Data Subject, requesting that the Data Subject notify it, within a stated timeframe, if they were not satisfied with the action taken by the Respondent, so that the DPC could take further action.
- 9. On the same day, the Data Subject responded to the DPC, confirming that they were agreeable to the amicable resolution of their complaint, and thanked the DPC for its assistance.
- 10. On 13 July 2023, and in light of the foregoing, the DPC informed the Respondent that it would close the complaint in question.
- 11. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

### **Confirmation of Outcome**

- 12. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:

- a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;
- b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and
- c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.

13. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:



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Deputy Commissioner  
Data Protection Commission