In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

DPC Complaint Reference:
IMI Reference:

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by with the Landesbeauftragte für Datenschutz und Informationsfreiheit Nordrhein-Westfalen (North Rhine-Westphalia DPA) pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning Paysafe Prepaid Services Limited

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0 (ADOPTED ON 12 MAY 2022)

Dated the 7th day of July 2023



Data Protection Commission 21 Fitzwilliam Square South Dublin 2, Ireland

Background

- On 24 February 2020, ("the Data Subject") lodged a complaint pursuant to Article 77 of the GDPR with Landesbeauftragte für Datenschutz und Informationsfreiheit Nordrhein-Westfalen ("the Recipient SA") concerning Paysafe Prepaid Services Limited ("the Respondent").
- 2. In circumstances where the Data Protection Commission ("the **DPC**") was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) of the GDPR, the Recipient SA transferred the complaint to the DPC on 29 July 2020.

The Complaint

- 3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
 - a. On 15 January 2020, the Data Subject made an erasure request under Article 17(1) of the GDPR to the Respondent to have their personal data deleted as they wished to close their account with the Respondent.
 - b. On 12 February 2020, the Respondent replied, refusing the Data Subject's request. In their reply the Respondent indicated that they were required to retain the data in order to comply with their legal obligations, as per article 17(3)(b) of the GDPR.
 - c. As the Data Subject was not satisfied with the response received from the Respondent, they lodged a complaint with the Recipient SA.

Action taken by the DPC

- 4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 ("the 2018 Act"), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.
- 5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC's experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:
 - a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and

- b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise their data subject rights).
- 6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 ("Document 06/2022"), and considered that:
 - a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that
 - b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

Amicable Resolution

- 7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject (via the Recipient SA) and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. Further to that engagement, it was established that the Respondent is required to retain data related to the Data Subject, to fulfil its legal obligations as a provider of financial services, for a period of seven years. In the circumstances, the Respondent agreed to confirm the following:
 - a. The Respondent confirmed the length of the retention period for which the Data Subject's personal data would be kept, in addition to the date at which the erasure request would be completed;
 - b. The Respondent confirmed that the Data Subject's account had been closed, and that all personal data related to it would be restricted and secured for the duration of the retention period.
- 8. The DPC's letter outlining the information provided by the Respondent as part of the amicable resolution process issued to the Data Subject on 25 April 2023 via the Recipient SA. In its correspondence to the Data Subject, the DPC requested that the Data Subject notify it, within a specified timeframe, if they were not satisfied with the information provided by the Respondent, so that the DPC could take further action.
- 9. On 2 May 2023, the DPC was informed that the Data Subject was agreeable to the amicable resolution of their complaint based on the information provided by the Respondent.

10. On 5 May 2023, and in light of the foregoing, the DPC wrote to the Recipient SA noting that the DPC considered the complaint to have been amicably resolved and withdrawn in accordance with section 109(3) of the Act and that it would conclude the case and inform the Respondent.

11. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

Confirmation of Outcome

12. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:

a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;

b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and

c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.

13. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:

Tomy Delaney

Deputy Commissioner

Data Protection Commission