Final decision

The present decision refers to the case/complaint of [redacted], lodged with the supervisory authority of Denmark (national reference 2018-31-0530) and submitted to the Luxembourg supervisory authority via IMI under Article 56 procedure 58117.

The complaint was lodged against the controller [redacted] (hereinafter “[redacted]”), which has its main establishment in Luxembourg. Pursuant to Article 56 GDPR, the Luxembourg National Data Protection Commission (“CNPD”) is therefore competent to act as lead supervisory authority.

Scope of the complaint and assessment of the case

In the original IMI case, the complainant stated that:

- (1) it was not possible to access his personal data linked with all the [redacted] in a single request (a separate request has to be done separately on each [redacted]), and that
- (2) the website [redacted] did not offer the data subjects the possibility to access their personal data.

The complaint is thus mainly based on Article 15 GDPR.

Based on said complaint, the CNPD requested [redacted] to provide a detailed description of the issue relating to the complainant’s data processing as per Article 58.1(a) GDPR, in particular as regards to the possibility for data subjects to obtain their personal data linked with all [redacted] in a single request.

The CNPD received the requested information within the set timeframe.

Outcome of the case

Following the enquiry by the Luxembourg supervisory authority, [redacted] has demonstrated that:

- As for point (1), [redacted] was already, back in 2018, in the process of putting in place a technical solution allowing data subjects to access their personal data linked with all their [redacted] accounts in a single request. Thus, it is thus now possible for every [redacted] customers to request their personal data from all [redacted] in one single request.

- As for point (2), unlike for the [redacted] (e.g., [redacted], the personal data processed in the context of the website [redacted] are controlled by a U.S. based company ([redacted]), for which the CNPD is not the competent supervisory authority. In addition, the website
has also implemented, in the meantime, a tool for customers to access their personal data linked with their account on 

This point has been confirmed by the complainant who indicated that this issue has been solved satisfactorily.

Thus, based on the information that was provided, the CNPD is of the view that the issue has been resolved and the CNPD has consulted the supervisory authority of Denmark to determine whether the case could be closed. The CNPD and the supervisory authority of Denmark agreed that, in view of the above, no further action or additional measures are needed and that the cross-border complaint should be closed.

Notwithstanding the closure of this case, the Luxembourg supervisory authority might carry out subsequent actions in exercise of its investigative and corrective powers regarding the data processing activities in the event of new complaints.

A draft decision has been submitted by the CNPD to the other supervisory authorities concerned as per Article 60.3 GDPR (IMI entry number 294504).

As none of the other concerned supervisory authorities has objected to this draft decision within a period of four weeks, the lead supervisory authority and the supervisory authorities concerned shall be deemed to be in agreement with said draft decision and shall be bound by it.

For the National Data Protection Commission