

# Summary Final Decision Art 60

Complaint

No infringement of the GDPR

### **Background information**

Date of final decision: 17 December 2019

LSA: UK

CSAs: AT, DE-Berlin, DE-Saarland, DE-Bavaria (Private sector), DK, ES, IT, NO, SE, SK

Legal Reference: Lawfulness of the processing (Article 6), Right to erasure (Article 17)

Decision: No infringement of the GDPR

Key words: Right of erasure, Legal obligation, Anti-Money Laundering Directive

## Summary of the Decision

### Origin of the case

The complainant requested to have his personal data erased, but his request was rejected.

### **Findings**

The LSA found that the controller replied to the complainant's erasure request within a month. In his reply, the controller explained that, in light of his legal obligation under the fourth Anti-Money Laundering Directive, he was obliged to retain the complainant's personal data for 5 years after the end of the business relationship.

However, the LSA found that the controller did not properly inform the complainant of his right to complain to the relevant supervisory authority and his right to seek a judicial review. In fact, the LSA considered that providing a link to the privacy policy containing the contact details of the relevant supervisory authority was not enough.

#### Decision

The LSA asked the controller to improve the information given to all data subjects, by introducing relevant information on the data subjects' rights to lodge complaint to an SA or seek for judicial review in the privacy policy.